Celmisia sinclairii

Common Name(s):

Sinclairs mountain daisy

Current Threat Status (2012):

Not Threatened

Distribution:

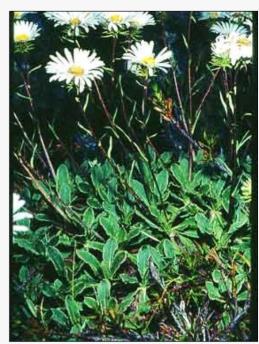
Endemic. South Island: Nelson and Marlborough from the Richmond Range and Wairau Mountains south to the St Arnaurd Range and upper Clarence.

Habitat:

Montane to subalpine. Mainly in grassland and herbfield. Occasionally on rock outcrops

Features*:

Small low-growing subshrub with stems branching from near base; branches short, ascending to spreading, clad in persistent leaf-remnants; living leaves rosulate at tips of branchlets. Lamina bright green, glabrous on both surfaces, \pm 50-70 \times 15 mm, obovate, obovate-elliptic to elliptic-spathulate, membranous; lower surface with conspicuous midrib; apex obtuse to subacute, apiculate; margins entire to obscurely denticulate, gradually narrowed to short petiole, then expanded into striate, glabrous,



Caption: Mt Fishtail, January **Photographer:** John Smith-Dodsworth

thin sheath \pm 25 × 6 mm. Scape slender, almost glabrous, \pm 150 mm long; bracts linear-subulate, 8-9 mm long, \pm ciliolate. Capitula 30-40 mm diameter; involucral bracts linear-subulate, spreading, \pm ciliolate at apex. Rayflorets numerous, linear, c. 8-12 mm long, obtuse. Disk-florets narrow-funnelform, c.5-6 mm long. Achenes silky-hairy on ribs. Pappus-hairs up to 6 mm long, slender, barbellate

Flowering: Fruiting:

November - February December - April

Threats:

Not Threatened

*Attribution:

Description adapted from Allan (1961)

References and further reading:

Allan, H.H. 1961: Flora of New Zealand. Vol. I, Government Printer, Wellington.

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 11: 285-309

For more information, visit:

http://nzpcn.org.nz/flora_details.asp?ID=1644