Alternanthera nahui

Common Name(s):

nahui

Current Threat Status (2012):

Not Threatened

Distribution:

Indigenous. New Zealand, North and South Islands. Also Norfolk Island and possibly Australia

Habitat:

Predominantly a coastal to lowland species of seasonally to permanently wet habitats such as lagoon, lake, pond, river, and stream margins. It has also been recorded growing within the lag zone and around burn pools of oligotrophic peat bogs in Northland and Waikato, and from salt marshes. Also an urban weed in clogged gutters, drains and in damp lawns, verges and parkland.

Features*:

Perennial herbs with a slender tap root; stems prostrate to decumbent, 1.5-3.0 mm diameter, green and flushed pink, glabrous to sparsely hairy, with 2 decurrent lines of hairs, nodes tomentose. Leaves $15-45 \times 3-8$ mm, usually narrowly ellipticoblong to linear-oblong, sometimes narrowly elliptic or lanceolate, dark green, midrib raised on abaxial surface, glabrate to sparsely hairy on margins, midrib, and both surfaces; apex acute; margins entire, obscurely or sparsely denticulate; base attenuate. Spikes axillary, globular or shortly oblong, 5–7 mm diameter, with 15–22 flowers, apical flowers often failing to develop; peduncle ± sessile or up to 1.0 mm long, rachis with a few pilose hairs; pedicels \pm sessile or up to 1 mm long; flowers subtended by 1 bract and 2 bracteoles; bracts $0.8-1.1 \times 0.6-0.7$ mm, ovate, cream, glabrous, membranous, subacute to shortly acuminate; bracteoles 1.2-1.5 × 0.3-0.5 mm, lanceolate, cream, glabrous, membranous, shortly acuminate to acute. Perianth segments (tepals) $2.0-3.3 \times 0.6-0.9$ mm, lanceolate to ovate, keeled, cream, glabrous, membranous, apex shortly acuminate to acute; keel prominent on mature, dry tepals. Stamens 3; anthers 0.15-0.25 mm long, yellow; filaments 0.3-0.5 mm long, free part 0.2-0.35 mm long, c. 1/3 length of ovary, translucent; staminodes 3, 0.15-0.3 mm long, usually shorter than filaments. Style up to 0.1-0.15 mm long; stigma



Caption: Lake Waiporohita, Karikari

Peninsula. Feb 2011.

Photographer: Jeremy Rolfe



Caption: Inflorescences. Lake Waiporohita, Karikari Peninsula. Feb

Photographer: Jeremy Rolfe

capitate; ovary 0.4–0.5 mm long, green, compressed, apex obcordate, base cuneate. Fruit indehiscent utricle, $1.7-2.2 \times 1.9-2.4$ mm, broadly obovoid, cream to pale green, and usually flushed pink, compressed, surface colliculate, apex obcordate, base cuneate. Seeds 0.8–1.0 mm long, broadly obovate to \pm circular, cream to yellow, with a raised light brown or orange-brown centre, glabrous, smooth, compressed, apex rounded, base rounded.

Flowering:

Fruiting:

January - December

January - December

Threats:

Not Threatened

*Attribution:

Description from: Heenan et al. (2009): Alternanthera nahui, a new species of Amaranthaceae indigenous to New Zealand. New Zealand Journal of Botany 47: 97-105.

For more information, visit:

http://nzpcn.org.nz/flora_details.asp?ID=2050