Carex parvispica

Common Name(s):

Bastard Grass, Hook Sedge

Current Threat Status (2012):

Data Deficient

Distribution:

Endemic. South Island in the east from near Tarndale, Malrborough south.

Habitat:

low montane to subalpine in wet or boggy ground within tussock grassland. In Otago it is often found at the base of tors, stream banks, or in seepages.

Features*:

Blue-grey to dark green shortly rhizomatous, spreading, turf-forming sedge. Rhizomes 1-2 mm diameter. Culms 70-300 x 0.5-1 mm, erect, usually glabrous, though occasionally faintly scabrid just below inflorescence; basal bracts dull grey-brown. Leaves 6-9 per culm, blue-grey to dark green, < or rarely almost equal to culm in length, 1.5-4 mm wide, very stiff. Spikes 10-20 x 4-7 mm, oblong to obovate, ebracteate, male flowers obscured by larger surrounding female flowers; these 10-15 in number, close-set, internodes about equal. Glumes same length as utricles, persistent, ovate, obtuse or subacute, coriaceous, straw-coloured, rarely light greyish brown with abroad, pale green midrib, the central nerves thickened and conspicuous. utricles 4.5-6 x 1.5-2 mm, planoconvex, elliptical, coriaceous, grey-brown, nerved below and with a prominent lateral nerve, hispid on margins and both surfaces of upper half, beak and stipe scarcely narrowed, 0.5 mm long.

Flowering: Fruiting:

October - December October - June

Threats:

Believed to be a naturally uncommon, ecologically sparse species. However it is poorly known from large parts of its reported range. Further survey to ascertain its exact status is much desired.

*Attribution:

Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970). Fact sheet prepared by Peter J. de Lange 17 August 2006.

References and further reading:

Moore, L.B.; Edgar, E. 1970: Flora of New Zealand. Vol. II. Government Printer, Wellington.

For more information, visit:

http://nzpcn.org.nz/flora_details.asp?ID=337