Carex pterocarpa

Common Name(s):

Sedge

Current Threat Status (2012):

At Risk - Naturally Uncommon

Distribution:

Endemic. South Island, Old Man Range (South Canterbury), Central Otago (Dunstan, Rock & Pillar and other nearby ranges).

Habitat:

An alpine species associated with open fell field, cushion bog, and windswept, moist and stable rock or gravel pavements.

Features*:

Short, squat, tufted, rather coarse-leaved sedge. Rhizome short, 2 mm diameter, woody, covered by fibrous leaf and leaf-sheath remnants. Culms 20-50 mm tall, much less than leaves in length, and almost hidden by leaf-sheaths, triquetrous, scabrid; basal sheaths grey-brown or chestnut. Leaves 20-60 x 1-3 mm, somewhat distichously arranged, channelled, coriaceous, margins and keel minutely though harshly scabrid, tapering to an \pm acute apex; sheaths dull brown, membranous \pm or equal lamina in length. Inflorescence an ovate, triangular, 7 x 7 mm, brownish head comprised of 2-4 congested spikes, the lowermost sometimes subtended by a leaf-like bract. Spikes 4-6 mm long, male flowers at top of spike, rarely at base. Glumes \pm or equal utricle length, ovate, acute, membranous, midrib short, thick set, green, keel of lowermost glumes often rather scabrid. Utricles 3 x 2 mm, plano-



Caption: Carex pterocarpa **Photographer:** John Barkla



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convex, elliptic-ovoid, \pm papillose, nerved, dark brown with pale brown conspicuous wings, margins strongly scabrid; beak narrow, 0.7-0.9 mm, crura bifid, oblique; stipe minute. Stigmas 2. Nut 1.5 mm, brown, biconvex, smooth, styles persistent.

Flowering: Fruiting:

November - January November - August

Threats:

Not threatened. A naturally uncommon species of mainly high altitude schist mountains.

*Attribution:

Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970)

References and further reading:

Moore, L.B.; Edgar, E. 1970: Flora of New Zealand. Vol. II. Government Printer, Wellington.

Thorsen, M. J.; Dickinson, K. J. M.; Seddon, P. J. 2009. Seed dispersal systems in the New Zealand flora. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics 2009 Vol. 11 No. 4 pp. 285-309

For more information, visit:

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