# Humulus lupulus var. lupulus

## Common Name(s):

hops

## Current Threat Status (2009):

Exotic

## Habitat:

Terrestrial.

#### Features:

Dioecious or monoecious climber with extensive roots. Stems striate, up to 10m long and clothed in rough deflexed hairs. Leaves broadly ovate, not lobed or deeply 3~5-lobed; lobes acute to acuminate, serrate, generally glabrous to sparsely hairy above, generally glabrous to moderately hairy with yellow glandular hairs below. Petiole usually equal to leaf blade. Stipules 2 per node and 2-fid or 4 per node and entire. Bracts of female flowers triangular, hairy, green, elongating and becoming yellowish at fruiting to form a cylindric-ovoid infructescence (the hop) with yellow glandular hairs esp. at base of bracts. Calyx of male flowers ovate-triangular, green, hairy. Achene ovate-ellipsoid, covered by glandular calyx. (-Webb et. al., 1988)

# Flowering:

# Fruiting:

January, February

February - March

# For more information, visit:

http://nzpcn.org.nz/flora\_details.asp?ID=4079



Caption: Male flowers, England. Photographer: Colin Ogle



Caption: Gordon Park Scenic Reserve, Whanganui; vine on forest

margin

Photographer: Colin Ogle