

trees and shrubs Carthew QEII Covenant, Alfredton, (not complete), 06.10.1997:

<i>Beilschmiedia tawa</i>	tawa	<u>dominant tree</u>
<i>Brachyglottis repanda</i>	rangiora	
<i>Carmichaelia australis</i>	native broom	
<i>Carpodetus serratus</i>	putaputaweta	
<i>Coprosma areolata</i>		
<i>C. crassifolia</i>		
<i>C. propinqua</i>		
<i>C. rhamnoides</i>		
<i>C. rigida</i>		
<i>C. robusta</i>		
<i>C. rotundifolia</i>		
<i>C. rubra</i>		
<i>C. propinqua x C. robusta</i>		
<i>Cordyline australis</i>	cabbage tree	
<i>C. indivisa</i>	toi	
<i>Dacrycarpus dacrydoides</i>	kahikatea	<u>dominant tree</u>
<i>Elaeocarpus hookerianus</i>	pokaka	
<i>Hedycarya arborea</i>	pigeonwood	
<i>Hoheria sexstylosa</i>	long-leaved lacebark	
<i>H. populnea</i>	houhere, lacebark	
<i>Knightia excelsa</i>	rewarewa	
<i>Kunzea ericoides</i>	kanuka	
<i>Lophomyrtus bullata</i>	ramarama	
<i>L. obcordata</i>	rohutu	
<i>Melicope simplex</i>		
<i>Melicytus micranthus</i>		
<i>M. ramiflorus</i>	whitey wood, mahoe	
<i>Pennantia corymbosa</i>	kaikomako	
<i>Pittosporum eugenoides</i>	lemonwood	
<i>Plagianthus regius</i>		
<i>Podocarpus totara</i>	totara	
<i>Prumnopitys taxifolia</i>	matai	
<i>Pseudopanax anomalous</i>		
<i>Sophora microphylla</i>	kowhai	
<i>Streblus heterophyllus</i>	small-leaved milk tree	
<i>Urtica ferox</i>		

Birds: "plenty" of tui (calling, flying), shining cuckoo, king fisher, fantail, grey warbler.

Comment: standing water and pools on forest floor could be mudfish habitat.

Aalbert Rebergen
Conservation Officer
DOC Masterton

