



TUHITARATA SCENIC RESERVE								GRID REF S27 268659										
for:		scenery ✓	bush ✓	scrub/tussock etc	wetland	plants	animals	geology/soil	history/pot history ✓	water supply								
LOCATION On the east side of Lake Wairarapa, 25 km east of Featherston on Kahutara Road.								AREA ha/ha 10.0742										
ACCESS There are R.O.W.'s off Kahutara Road to the two blocks but these are unusable due to drainage ditches along their lengths and only Lot 2 has a gate.								L.D. No. Lots 1 and 2, Block II, Mairangi SD										
OUTLINE & TOPO The reserve comprises two separate stands of remnant swamp forest on flat, poorly drained swamp and sand-dune farmland. Both lots support dense vegetation; Lot 1 contains a mature kahikatea/broadleaved forest association with some kahikatea possibly 300 years old. Most exotics are restricted to the bush fringes.								STATUS Scenic										
SURROUNDINGS Both lots are surrounded by farmland and separated by the Tuhitara homestead road. The reserve is equidistant between the eastern foothills and Lake Wairarapa. The only nearby trees are exotic shelter belts.								RES sub-Ctee										
GEOLOGY Undifferentiated alluvium in fluvistile flood plain deposits.								CONTROL CCL										
SPM Alluvium and silts.								GAZETTED 1981/2254										
SOIL Recent soils from alluvium: Kairanga and Manawatu silt and clay loams.								RESERVED T427851.6										
DRAINAGE Poor natural drainage. Lot 2 receives drainage off sand dunes to the east. Both lots have artificial drainage channels along the W boundaries and N boundary of Lot 2.								HISTORY Sold to the Crown by Mr Mason in 1978. Historical significance of Tuhitara farm and McMaster graveyard.										
MAIN HABITATS and FEATURES								% area	area ha	native 1° 2° ind	ex regen	regen / NAT	trend	exotics				
RES	NOT	L1	N1	L2	N2	LOT 1												
1. Scattered emergent kahikatea and pukatea in a canopy of kahikatea-pukatea-titoki. Swamp maire in wetter sites at the S end. Broadleaved forest species form the subcanopy and understorey with tree ferns common on the E side. Dense supplejack and kiekie. Swampy underfoot with innumerable seedlings and hen and chicken ferns. Kahikatea reach 1.8m diameter and 45m in height.						52.2	5.2	✓ ✓		H H	I L							
2. Marginal broadleaved scrub including vigorously regenerating kahikatea, cabbage tree, bracken, flax. Scrub overwhelmed by <i>Muehlenbeckia</i> on E boundary by cottage.						6.3	0.6	✓ ✓		H H	I L							
3. Rank grasses, sedges, flax and convolvulus along drainage ditch and fencelines.						5.2	0.5	✓ ✓ ✓		H H	I H							
LOT 2																		
4. Immature kahikatea-pukatea canopy on eastern side; mahoe sub-canopy with dense broadleaved understorey and juvenile canopy species. Dense fern floor cover.						8.4	0.8	✓ ✓		H H	I							
5. Open scattered trees in the centre; young kahikatea, pukatea, rewarewa, cabbage tree and scrub smothered by supplejack, passionvine and <i>Parsonsia</i> species.						4.2	0.4	✓ ✓		L L	D							
6. Broadleaved scrub species 3-4m high, smothered by vines, climbers and bracken.						8.8	0.9	✓		L L	D							
7. Pure stand of young tawa, light understorey almost free of vines; luxuriant ferns.						6.2	0.6	✓		H H	I							
8. Low, dense canopy of <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> .						2.5	0.2	✓ ✓		H L	S H							
9. Laurels and <i>Elaeagnus</i> bushes amongst natives along fencelines.						1.2	0.1	✓ ✓										
10. Pines planted as shelter belts. Badly damaged along exposed boundaries.						4.7	0.5	✓ ✓										
						99.7	9.8											
CONDITION Excellent regeneration of canopy species on swampy ground. <i>Pseudo-acacia</i> has smothered native growth in Lot 2. Pines planted on W and S boundaries have suffered severe wind-thrown and damaged marginal native vegetation. Possum damage is evident but not severe. Dense climbers are a problem, especially in Lot 2.																		
FENCING Medium priority at present as both lots are well fenced but W boundary of Lot 2 is deteriorating.																		
PRIORITY High priority long term since the reserve is surrounded by heavily grazed pasture and has a sensitive soil structure.																		
RATING 0-10																		
SCIENTIFIC 8. An excellent regenerating remnant of kahikatea swamp forest. This is the best remnant reserved around Lake Wairarapa and still contains mature kahikatea specimens on a largely unmodified swampy site.																		
SCENIC 4. High canopy; attractive when viewed from the road.																		
2 Presently surrounded by private land, with restricted access and mostly impenetrable bush, but it could withstand development as a picnic area with attractive bush walks.																		
RECREATION																		
CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS																		
This relict swamp forest represents the vegetation cover once extensive on the swampy floodplain of Lake Wairarapa. Although many of the millable trees were removed from Lot 2 and stock were once allowed entry, the fencing of these stands 20 years ago has enabled young stands of kahikatea and tawa, with many of their associated species, to re-establish. If the land is not drained further, this example of the original forest composition has a chance of perpetuity.																		
Of the two lots, Lot 1 is the better example of kahikatea forest. Individual trees reach 1.8m diameter and 45m in height, with vigorous seedling growth.																		
Near the centre of Lot 1 are patches of <i>Tradescantia</i> which is spreading over the naturally bare ground and requires immediate eradication. A gale has damaged approximately 1 ha at the S end. Although the ground is swampy, a track through the mature kahikatea stands would be very worthwhile.																		
In Lot 2 the effect of milling and wind damage has been serious. Much of the exposed scrub and young kahikatea is now smothered by native climbers and vines. Bordering pines have been neglected and many have been toppled by storms damaging vegetation. Future shelter belts will need continued management to be successful in this exposed area. At the NW corner a stand of shade																		
..... hours fine conditions TG 1981 (Continued.)																		
1 NATURALNESS								2 TREND: D deteriorating, S steady, I improving										

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

tolerant pseudoacacias poses a threat to native vegetation. Removal and replanting with natives would be advisable as regeneration of this exotic is vigorous under natives.

Esler, in his 1969 report, suggests weed control by clearing marginal vine areas, grassing them and moving the fence line back to the bush edge. If possible acquisition of land by Kahutara Road for use as a carpark and picnic site would increase public awareness of this valuable remnant of S. Wairarapa swamp forest.

1. This area has historical significance: the original owner of the land, Angus McMaster, took 11 days in 1845 bringing his stock around the coast from Wellington to his new 9,000 acre farm, Tuhiarata. His son, Hugh, was the first white child born in the Wairarapa. The family graveyard is on sand dunes to the east of Lot 2. Here Angus McMaster and the Paramount Maori Chief Hikio Mokoia are buried together, as they pledged to be, to epitomise the vision these two men had for the land and the two races, to mutually benefit New Zealand as a nation.
 2. *Robinia pseudo-acacia* is a threat to native juveniles which grow in its shade in summer, but are damaged by frost and wind in winter. This shade-tolerant exotic is spreading into semi-open areas so should be exterminated, preferably by poisoning.
 3. Nikau and karska present might have been planted in the reserve. (Esler, 1969).

REFERENCES Esler, 1969. Report written for Lands and Survey.

Tall conifer: *kahikatea, kauri, matai, miro, rimu, totara*

? remaining 11 tree-sized spp

³ broadleaved ⁴ e.g.

1

⁵ incl. rough grassland, pasture etc

NATIVE SPECIES

(Lots 1 and 2)

Trees and shrubs

Alectryon excelsus
Beilschmiedia tawa
Brachyglottis repanda
Carmichaelia flagelliformis
Carpodetus serratus
Coprosma areolata
C. grandifolia
C. propinqua
C. robusta
C. rotundifolia
C. tenuifolia
C. propinqua X C. robusta
Cordyline australis
Coriaria arborea
Corynocarpus laevigatus
Dacrydium cupressinum

Elaeocarpus dentatus
Fuchsia excorticata
F. excorticata X F. perscandens
Geniostoma ligustrifolium
Hebe stricta
Hedycarya arborea
Hoheria populnea var. lanceolata
(incl. sexstylosa)
Knightia excelsa
Laurelia novae-zelandiae
Macropiper excelsum
Melicytus ramiflorus
Myoporum laetum
Myrsine australis
M. salicina
Nestegis cunninghamii

Nestegis lanceolata
Paratrophis microphylla
Pennantia corymbosa
Pittosporum eugenioides
P. tenuifolium
Podocarpus dacrydioides
P. ferrugineus
P. spicatus
P. totara
Pseudopanax arboreus
P. crassifolius
Rhopalostylis sapida
Schefflera digitata
Solanum aviculare
Sophora microphylla
Syzygium maire

Climbers and lianes, etc.

Calystegia tuguriorum
Freylinetia baueriana ssp. banksii
Fuchsia perscandens
Metrosideros perforata

Muehlenbeckia australis
M. complexa
Parsonia heterophylla
Passiflora tetrandra

Ripogonum scandens
Rubus cissoides
R. schmidelioides

Grasses, rushes and like plants

Carex lambertiana
C. secta
C. virgata
C. geminata

Cortaderia toetoe
Juncus sp.
Microlaena avenacea

Microlaena stipoides
Poa anceps
Uncinia uncinata

Herbs

Astelia fragrans
Phormium tenax

Stellaria parviflora

Typha orientalis

Ferns and allies

Anarthropteris lanceolata
Asplenium bulbiferum
A. flaccidum
A. oblongifolium
A. polyodon
A. flaccidum X A. bulbiferum
Blechnum chambersii
B. filiforme
B. fluviatile

Blechnum sp. (B. capense)
Cyathea dealbata
C. medullaris
Dicksonia squarrosa
Hypolepis tenuifolia
Lastreopsis glabella
L. hispida
L. velutina
Leptopteris hymenophylloides

Pellaea rotundifolia
Phymatosorus diversifolius
P. scandens
Pneumatopteris pennigera
Polystichum richardii
Pteridium esculentum
Pteris tremula
Pyrrosia serpens

EXOTIC SPECIES

broom
buttercup
clover
convolvulus

Eleagnus
false acacia
Jerusalem cherry
mint

pines
thistle
Tradescantia
yarrow

BIRDS

fantail
hawk
magpie

silvereye
swallows

tui
wood pigeon